

Who we are?

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Outline

- What are the skilled trades?
 - If you have your phone with you, please load the Kahoot app from the appropriate app store ©
- Introduction; What we know
- Y Trades Programs
- What is a good job?
- Trades Talent Link
 - Research questions & project information
 - Education seminars
 - Newcomer focus groups
 - Employer survey
 - Pilot interventions



Introduction – What we know

- There is a growing labour market shortage in skilled trades in Canada, and yet a small percentage of newcomers participate in this sector.
 - Only 8.7% of Canadian apprentices are newcomers (National Apprenticeship Survey)
 - Skills Canada estimates 40% of new jobs created in the next decade will be in the skilled trades (Ontario Chamber of Commerce, 2017)
 - 62% of Ontario Construction Secretariat's 2019 contractor survey respondents have experienced skilled labour shortages in last 3 years
 - Hiring immigrants is not mentioned as a solution, but when asked respondents said that they were open to new recruitment strategies



Culture shift

Newcomer perspective:

- Skilled trades are survival jobs
- Career decisions are influenced by family and past

experiences

- University against apprenticeship
- Cultural image of success

Canadian perspective:

- Skilled trades are well-regarded careers
- Professional employment consulting
- Alternative career path apprenticeship



What gaps have we identified?

- Between the type of candidate employers are seeking and the job-seeker who applies
 - Skills to develop to improve productivity
 - Skills needed to increase innovation and sustainability
- Between a newcomer job-seeker expectations and what they actually do on the job



What do we think we know?

Employers:

- Union protectionism
- "Traditional" hiring practices
- Prerequisite qualifications that are difficult for newcomers to obtain
- Precarious employment (seasonal, temporary, etc.)
- Lack of information/experience with newcomers

Regulators:

- Challenges of foreign qualification recognition process
- System dependent on employer participation



What do we think we know?

Newcomers:

- Disproportionate marketing of post-secondary options to newcomers
- Perception of skilled trades as "labour"
- Lack of information
- Cultural expectations and ideas of work/career

Service providers:

- Difficulty connecting effectively with trades employers
- Programs/services don't always have expected or desired outcomes
- "Running faster than the client"





Who are we talking to?

Populations who live with multiple barriers:

- Complicated past lives
- Language barriers
- Culture shock
 - Cultural norms and gender roles
 - Identity questioning
 - Difficulty integrating



Program participation – "in class" programs

Who is our "typical" program participant?

- Male
- Late thirties
- Post-secondary education
- Permanent resident
- Little to no prior experience in skilled trades
- Has been in Canada 4-5 years
- From Africa or Asia



Employer participation

Who is our typical employer?

- Small to medium-sized enterprise
- Voluntary trades (unregulated)
- Non-union
- Experiencing skills shortage
- Does not typically register apprentices
- Interested in hiring immediately



Power of Trades





Pre-apprenticeship for home renovation





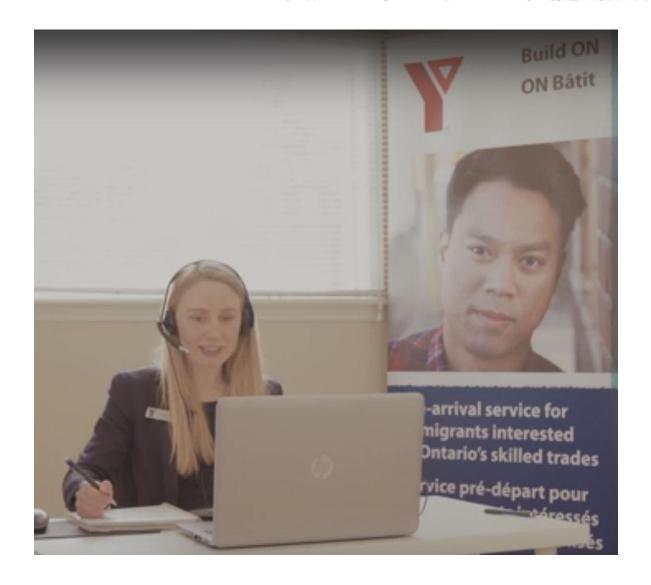


Pre-apprenticeship for horticulture/landscaping





Build ON





Trades Talent Link





Service Overview – "in-class" programs

- Open to any experience level
- Financial support for tools & equipment
- Health & Safety certification training
- Employment preparation
- Job development & placement support
- Minimum Canadian Language Benchmark 5+
- Partnership with local school boards for academic upgrading, co-op credits and Prior Learning Assessment & Recognition



Service overview – "individual consultation"

- Open to all skilled trades sectors & levels of experience*
- One-on-one service
- Short-term intervention
- No language requirement to participate (interpreters available from partners and multilingual team)
- Referral to longer-term interventions
- "Action plan" created with client for future reference
- Workshops/webinars available



^{*}Build ON services expanded in January 2019 to include engineering and related professions

Challenges

- Employer engagement (especially at the beginning of our journey)
- Participant recruitment (for example participants need CLB 5)
- Participant diversity (different CLB, skills, level of experience and education)
- Bilingual programming
- No childcare (great barrier, especially for women)
- Settlement and personal issues



What have we learned? What is important?

- Defining ourselves as supportive partners rather than competitors
- Low staff to participant ratios
- Screening/interview processes to select participant with strong motivation
- Importance of individual consultation offerings
- Redefining "positive outcomes"
- Engaging employers on an individual basis
- Focused strategies for Francophones
- Multiple funders/leveraging key partnerships





Trades Talent Link Objective

To make identify best practices that will address the gaps between newcomer jobseekers and Ottawa skilled trades employers who are experiencing a shortage of labour and talent.



Trades Talent Link Objectives

Research & evaluation to:

- Prove or disprove what we think we already know about newcomers and trades employers
- Demonstrate/improve the effectiveness of best practices we've developed



What is a good job?

- 1. We think we already know that good jobs exist in the trades sector, which is why our programs exist, but what is a good job?
- 2. Who defines what a good job is?

Research Questions

- What do newcomers consider to be "good jobs"?
 - Education seminars, focus groups
- Are there "good jobs" in Ottawa's skilled trades sector?
 Why aren't more newcomers working in these "good jobs"?
 - Employer surveys in years 1 & 3, interviews with survey respondents
- What can be done to improve the process of attracting, hiring and retaining newcomers in "good jobs" in trades?
 - Employer "training" content related to inclusive hiring practices such as language used in job ads, as well as the concepts of equity and inclusion, how language training happens and why specific qualifications (e.g. high school diploma) may be difficult for a newcomer to produce
 - YMCA-YWCA skilled trades training programs that work with employers so that we are developing clients' skills to match the labour market needs.

Why are we doing this?

For all of our stakeholders:

- Increase access to information
- Allow opportunity to change perception
- Increase motivation for newcomers to pursue skilled trades careers
- Set realistic expectations as to what a career in trades would be like for a newcomer



Evaluation strategies and tools

Evaluation tools/strategies:

- Analysis of existing program evaluation tools and data (feedback forms, etc.)
- Implementation evaluation of mentorship and employer training
- Pre/post surveys
- Feedback forms
- Interviews
- Lessons learned discussions & documentation
- Documenting changes to our activities & trades programs

Social Planning Council of Ottawa is 3rd party project evaluator



Education Seminars

Educational seminars

Objectives

- Give exposure to the skilled trades careers in Ontario
- Provide newcomers with the necessary information to start a career in the skilled trades
- Challenge conventional beliefs and ideas about the skilled trades



Educational Seminars

Participants evaluations:

- > There are good careers in the skilled trades
- ➤ Obtained a deeper understanding of the skilled trades and its pathways
- > Different types of jobs in the skilled trades



Educational seminars

Challenges experienced

 Low attendance at seminars offered at our Y employment and newcomer services locations

Language barriers

How was it solved

- Going where newcomers were
- Changed the title
- Flexible delivery format
- Translation of presentation materials into various languages
- Input from ESL teachers



How employers and newcomers are disconnected?

Employers perspective gaps

- Many employers are not well informed
- Language barriers
- Job retention
- There is no access to qualified skilled workers

Most employers are willing to train employees as long as they had some skills from before.



How employers and newcomers are disconnected?

Challenges/perceptions Newcomers

- There are misconceptions around the skilled trades
- Newcomers need more information
- Lack of Canadian experience
- language limitations
- Little or no recognition of international experience or credentials
- There is not enough support for women



Focus Groups

Focus groups intend to obtain newcomers perceptions by asking questions such as "

- Do you think that "good jobs" exist in the trades?",
- When participants were asked if they believed that there were good jobs in the trades, the answer was an overwhelming "yes"
- "What challenges/barriers have you overcome to get to this point in your Canadian career?"
- The two challenges that came up the most often were a lack of Canadian experience and inadequate English language skills.



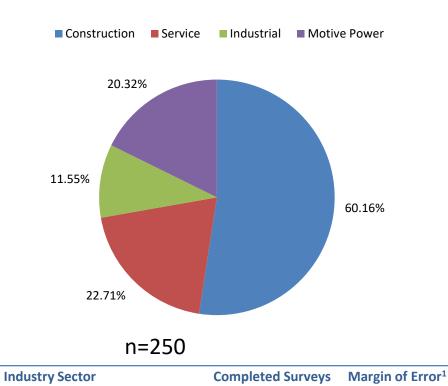
Focus Groups

Other challenges

- The expense of re-training
- Caring for children while working.
- Missing documents from the home country



Survey - Distribution of Sectors



Construction	152	±4.9%
Service	57	±5.2%
Motive Power	51	±5.0%
Industrial	29	±4.0%

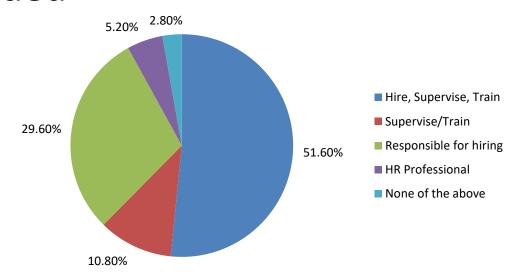
"Check all that apply"

- 32 respondents indicated they hired in more than one sector
- Some confusion about which sector
- e.g. Some automotive thought they were "service"
 - We did not correct for this assumption because it demonstrates a lack of knowledge starting at the "sector" level (perception)



Survey - Distribution of respondents

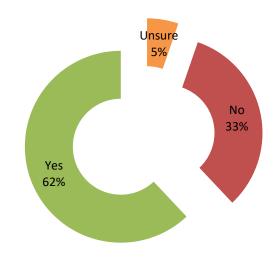
 Disqualification; we wanted to speak to individuals with experience hiring in the skilled trades and an understanding of the skills needed

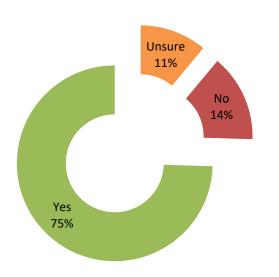




Survey - Labour Shortages

Does a shortage of skilled labour **currently** impact the success and/or growth of your business?

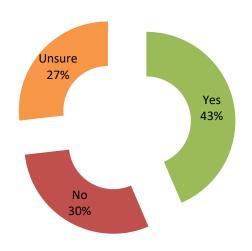




Do you foresee a shortage of skilled labour impacting the success and/or growth of your business **over the next 5 years**?



Survey - Hiring Immigrants

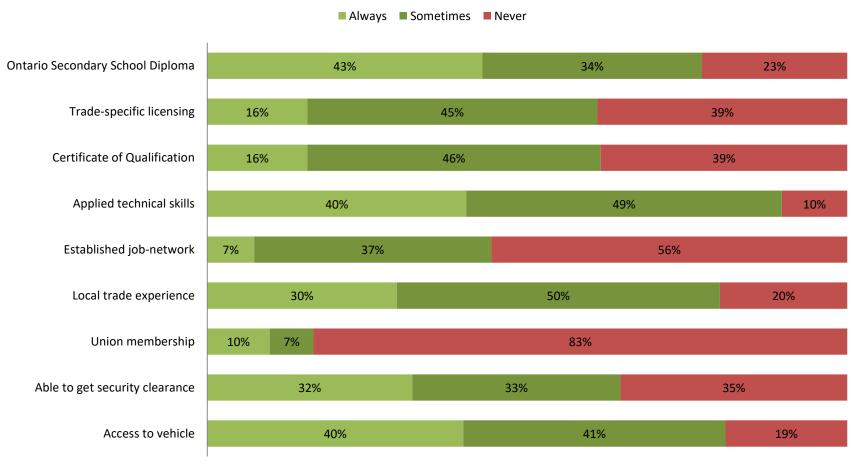


Are immigrants an important source of skilled labour for your company?

- Even though the response was overwhelmingly that employers aren't hiring newcomers – they are open to looking at different labour pools
- When asked "why", most employers responded that newcomers aren't applying



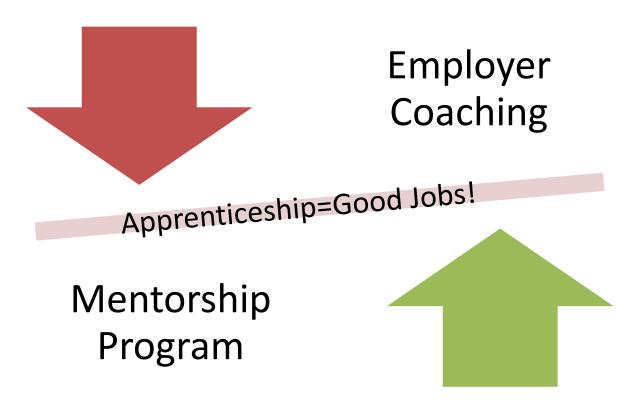
We asked about skills & qualifications for an entry level position





What can we do to connect employers & immigrants?

Trades Talent Link, Year 2 Initiatives







Canada's YMCA Le YMCA du Canad

Case Study; Anas' Story







Career change
Little to no
related
experience

Career continued

Experienced in desired career

Career shift
Some or related
experience

FEASIBILITY



Case study: Anas' story

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7BavQR_NA4&index=8&t=0s&list=PL5Whf68BOrl_kzJ





Case study: Anas' story

- What do you do with a client like this?
 - Multiple technical/hands-on careers
 - A range of technical skills and experience
 - New to Canada



Anas' story

- Which path should Anas follow?
- Long-term career goals?
- What shortcuts can he take?
- What is realistic given his current situation?

