#### SYMPOSIUM

#### organized in the framework of the annual conference 'Pathways

to Prosperity'

November 15, 2017

# Developing Immigrants' Literacy and Essential Skills

## Summary of the Background Report on Manitoba



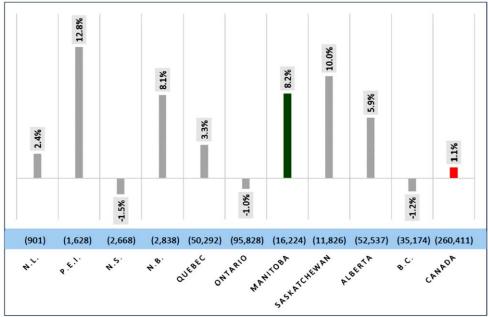
<u>Presented by:</u> M. Serge Nadeau, principal investigator

# Topics

- Immigration in Manitoba
- Francophone immigrants in Manitoba
  - Education
  - Employment
  - Income
- Statistics on the training centres identified in the province
- A profile of the participants in the action research.

## **Immigration in Manitoba**

## Average annual growth rate of the number of immigrants (1995-2014)\*



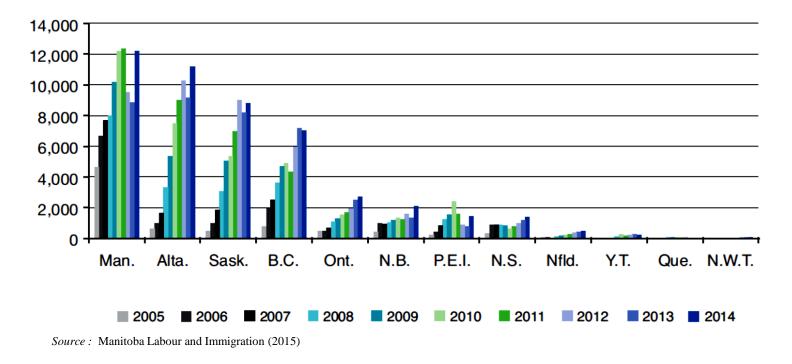
<sup>\*</sup>Number of immigrants arriving in 2014 in parentheses. *Source :* Cansim Table 051-0037.

#### Manitoba

- attracts the fourth largest number of immigrants
- has the third fastest immigration growth rate

## **The Provincial Nominee Program**

**Provincial nominees** 

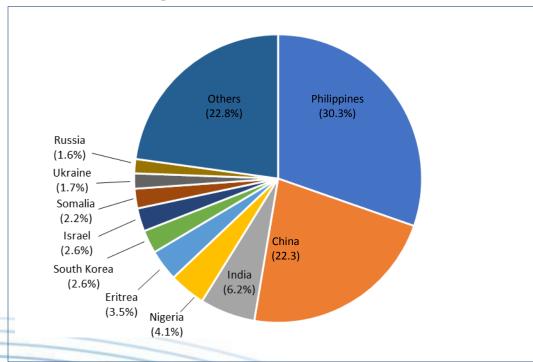


#### Manitoba

- was the first province to establish the Provincial Nominee Program
- attracts the most immigrants in this category.

## The three principal sources for immigration to Manitoba are the Philippines, China and India

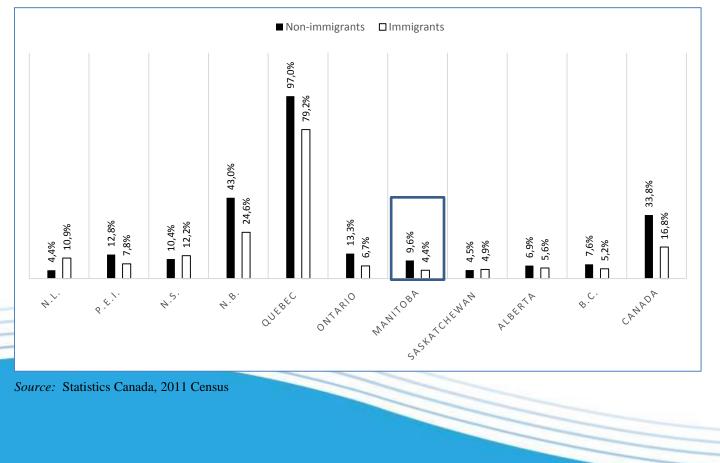
The 10 primary countries of origin of immigrants in Manitoba (2010)



Source : Manitoba Labour and Immigration (2014)

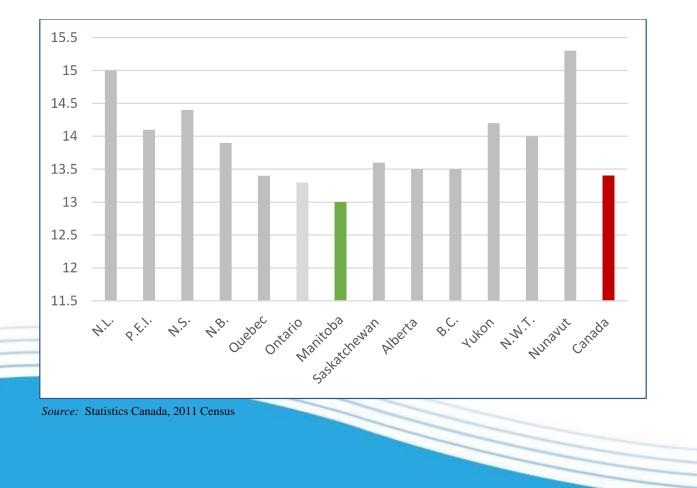
## In Manitoba, the proportion of immigrants who can speak French is much less than the proportion of non-immigrants

#### Proportion of people in Canada who can express themselves in French



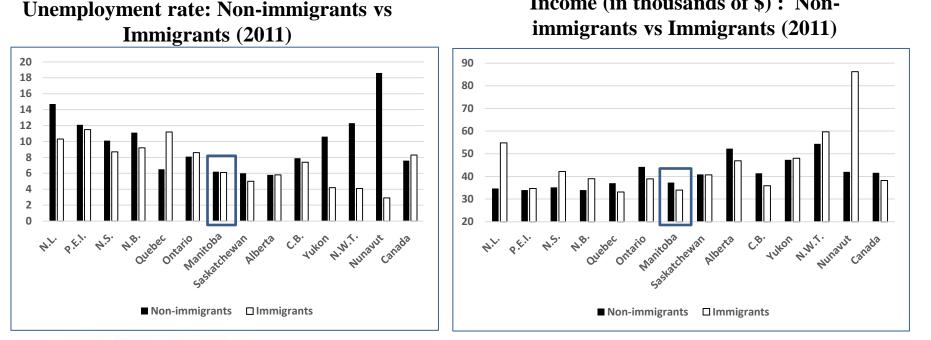
### Manitoba has the least educated immigrants in Canada

Average number of years of education of immigrants



## **Immigrants in Manitoba: slightly lower unemployment rate** and lower incomes than non-immigrants

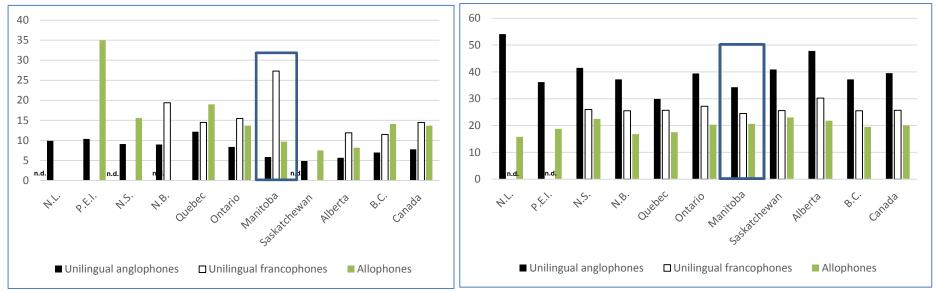
**Income (in thousands of \$) : Non-**



Source: Statistics Canada, 2011 Census

# Unilingual Allophone Francophone immigrants have difficulties in Manitoba's labour market

Unemployment rate of Unilingual and Allophone immigrants Average income of Unlingual and Allophone immigrants



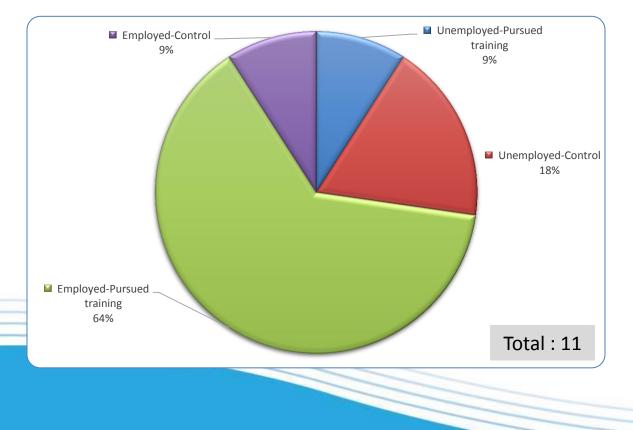
Source: Statistics Canada, 2011 Census

## **Identified training centers and Partners**

- 42 literacy and essential skills training centres were identified in Manitoba
- Of these, only one participated in the action research:
  - Université de Saint-Boniface, Winnipeg

## **Employers followed**

• In total, 11 employers were followed in Manitoba



11

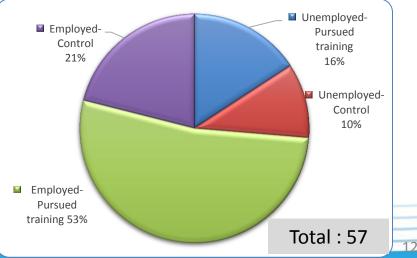
Breakdown of employers followed (Manitoba)

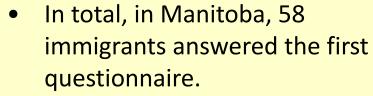
## Immigrants participating in the action research

 Employed-Control 22%
Unemployed-Pursued training 16%
Unemployed-Control 10%
Employed-Pursued training 52%
Total : 58

#### Breakdown of immigrants who answered the first questionnaire







- Of these, 57 were retained for analysis.
- The largest proportion of immigrants who answered the first questionnaire and were retained for analysis are in the Employed-Pursued training group.

## **Training pursued**

Training	Unemployed—Took training	Employed—Took training
Francization (Beginner)	5	21
Francization (Intermediate)	1	7
Francization (Advanced)	3	2
English as a Second Language (Beginner)	0	0
English as a Second Language (Intermediate)	0	0
English as a Second Language (Advanced)	0	0
Computing (Beginner)	0	0
Total	9	30

#### Breakdown of training pursued in Manitoba

• All of the training pursued in Manitoba (and retained for analysis) is in Francization.



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We are at your disposal should you need addition information. Actions interculturelles de développement et d'éducation (AIDE) 465, rue Lawford, Sherbrooke (Québec) J1G 2C2 Telephone : 1 819 822-4180 Fax : 1 819 822-4415 Website : <u>www.aide.org</u> E-mail address : aide@aide.org